The *Lego*® Bricks of the Coptic Verbal System

(PARTS SOLD SEPARATELY*)

Personal Prefixes

I. Singular
   A. First Person: ϯ-.
   B. Second Person.
      1. Masculine: ⲕ-, var. ⲅ-.
      2. Feminine: ⲧⲉ-, var ⲧⲣ̄-.
   C. Third Person:
      1. Masculine: ϥ-.
      2. Feminine: ⲥ-.

II. Plural
   A. First Person: ⲧⲛ̄-.
   B. Second Person: ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-.
   C. Third Person: ⲥⲉ-.

Personal Infixes

I. Singular
   A. First Person: ⸗ï-.
   B. Second Person.
      1. Masculine: ⸗ⲕ-.
      2. Feminine: ⸗ⲣ(ⲉ)-.
   C. Third Person:
      1. Masculine: ⸗ϥ-.
      2. Feminine: ⸗ⲥ-.

II. Plural
   A. First Person: ⸗ⲛ-.
   B. Second Person: ⸗(ⲧ)ⲉⲧⲛ̄-.
   C. Third Person: ⸗(ⲟ)ⲩ-.

Verbal Inflections

I. Non-Durative
   1. Relative ⲉⲧⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲉⲧ⸗ (and ⲉⲧ∅) (“who/which she hears . . .”).
   2. Circumstantial ⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲉ⸗ (“she, hearing . . .”, “as she is hearing . . .”).
   3. Preterit ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲛⲉ⸗ (“she was hearing”).
   4. Focalising ⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲉ⸗ (“. . . that she is hearing . . .”).

II. Durative
   A. Main Clause Cases
      1. Past Tense ⲁ-, ⲁ⸗ (“she heard”).
      2. Past Tense Neg. ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-, ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ (“she did not hear”).
      3. ‘Not Yet’ ⲙ̄ⲡⲁⲧⲉ-, ⲙ̄ⲡⲁⲧ⸗ (“she has not yet heard”).
      4. Aorist ϣⲁⲣⲉ-, ϣⲁ⸗ (“she [generally] hears”).
      5. Aorist Neg. ⲙⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲙⲉ⸗ (“she does not hear”).
      6. Future III ⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲉ⸗ⲉ- (“she shall hear”).
      7. Future III Neg. ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ-, ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ⸗ (“she shall not hear”).
      8. Injunctive ⲙⲁⲣⲉ-, ⲙⲁⲣ⸗ (“let her hear”).
      9. Injunctive Neg. ⲙ̄ⲡⲣ̄ⲧⲣⲉ-, ⲙ̄ⲡⲣ̄ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ (“let her not hear”).
   B. Subordinate Clause Bases
      1. Precursive “after, when” (past) ⲛ̄ⲧⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲛ̄ⲧⲉⲣ⸗ (“after she heard”).
      2. Conditional “if, when” ⲉⲣϣⲁⲛ-, ⲉ⸗ϣⲁⲛ-; var. ⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲉ⸗ (“if she hears”).
      3. Limitative “until” ϣⲁⲛⲧⲉ-, ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ (“until she hears”).
      4. Conjunctive ⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-, ⲛ̄⸗ (“. . . and hear”).
      5. Future Conjunctive ⲧⲁⲣⲉ-, ⲧⲁⲣ⸗ (“. . . and she shall hear”).
   C. Causal Infinitive Base
      1. Causal Infinitive ⲧⲣⲉ-, ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ (“. . . her to hear”; “. . . cause her to hear”).

* Sometimes.

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Present

	Present I **“I hear”, “I am hearing”**	**Neg. Present I** **“I do not hear”, “I am not hearing”**
Sg. 1	ϯ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ̄-ϯ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
2 m.	ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ-ⲅ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲧⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ̄-ⲧⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
3 m.	ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ-ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ-ⲥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
Pl. 1	ⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ-ⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
2	ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ-ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
3	ⲥⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ-ⲥⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
Definite subject	ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
Indefinite subject	ⲟⲩⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙⲛ̄-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Sentence w/ nom. pred.	ⲟⲩϩⲁⲙϣⲉ ⲡⲉ	(ⲛ̄-)ⲟⲩϩⲁⲙϣⲉ ⲁⲛ ⲡⲉ
Sentence w/ adv. pred.	ⲧⲉⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ	ⲧⲉⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓ ⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ ⲁⲛ
Indef. sub. in sent. w/ adv. pred.	ⲟⲩⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ	ⲙⲛ̄-ⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓ ⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ

- L§320–324.
- For personal subjects, see L§318.
- ⲙⲛ̄ var. ⲙ̄ⲙⲛ-.
- Negative with a nominal subject = (ⲛ̄) . . . ⲁⲛ.

	Rel. Conv. of Present I **“. . . who/which I hear”**	**Rel. Conv. of Neg. Present I** **“. . . who/which I do not hear”**
Sg. 1	ⲉϯ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ̄-ϯ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
2 m.	ⲉⲧ⸗ⲕ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ-ⲅ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲉⲧ⸗ⲉ(ⲣ-)ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ̄-ⲧⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
3 m.	ⲉⲧ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ-ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲉⲧ⸗ⲥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ-ⲥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
Pl. 1	ⲉⲧ⸗ⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ̄-ⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
2	ⲉⲧ⸗ⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ̄-ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
3	ⲉⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ̄-ⲥⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
Definite subject	ⲉⲧⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
Indefinite subject	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄-ⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
Sentence w/ nom. pred.	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲟⲩϩⲁⲙϣⲉ ⲡⲉ	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ̄-ⲟⲩϩⲁⲙϣⲉ ⲁⲛ ⲡⲉ
Sentence w/ adv. pred.	ⲧⲉⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ⲉⲧ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ	ⲧⲉⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ⲉⲧ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ ⲁⲛ
Indef. sub. in sent. w/ adv. pred.	ⲟⲩⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ⲉ-ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ	ⲟⲩⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ⲉ-ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ ⲁⲛ

- Base: ⲉⲧⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲉⲧ⸗ (and ⲉⲧ∅).
- When the relative pronoun is not the subject of the relative clause, the verb must be followed with a resumptive pronoun; i.e., ⲛ̄-, ⲙ̄ⲙⲟ⸗ (L§203), or ⲉ-, ⲉⲣⲟ⸗ if a verb of perception (L§310).

	Circum. Conv. (≡ Foc. Conv.) of Present I “I, hearing . . .”, “as I am hearing . . .”	Circum. Conv. of Neg. Present I “I, not hearing . . .”, “as I am not hearing . . .”	
Sg. 1	ⲉ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	(ⲛ-)ⲉ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲛϯ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
2 m.	ⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	(ⲛ-)ⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲛⲅ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲉ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	(ⲛ-)ⲉ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲛⲧⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
3 m.	ⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	(ⲛ-)ⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲛϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	(ⲛ-)ⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲛⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
Pl. 1	ⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	(ⲛ-)ⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲛⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
2	ⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	(ⲛ-)ⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲛⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
3	ⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	(ⲛ-)ⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲛⲥⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
Definite subject	ⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	(ⲛ-)ⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲙⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
Indefinite subject	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄		ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄-ⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Sentence w/ nom. pred.	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩϩⲁⲙϣⲉ ⲡⲉ		ⲉ-ⲛ-ⲟⲩϩⲁⲙϣⲉ ⲁⲛ ⲡⲉ
Sentence w/ adv. pred.	ⲉⲣⲉ-ⲧⲉⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ		ⲉⲣⲉ-ⲧⲉⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ ⲁⲛ
Indef. sub. in sent. w/ adv. pred.	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ ⲧⲉⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ		ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄-ⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ

- L§320.
- Base: ⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲉ⸗.
- The circumstantial conversion of the Present I has the same morphology as the Focalising Conversion of the Present I (also called Present II; Second Present): “. . . that I am hearing . . .”.
- The circumstantial is frequently used as relative clause after indefinite antecedents. e.g. ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲉⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲉⲣⲟϥ, “A man whom she hears”.

Imperfect

	Imperf. Conv. of Present I “I was hearing”	Imperf. Conv. of Neg. Present I “I was not hearing”
Sg. 1	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
2 m.	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
3 m.	ⲛⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Pl. 1	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
2	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
3	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Definite subject	ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Indefinite subject	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄-ⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)
Sentence w/ nom. pred.	ⲛⲉⲟⲩϩⲁⲙϣⲉ ⲡⲉ	ⲛⲉⲟⲩϩⲁⲙϣⲉ ⲁⲛ ⲡⲉ
Sentence w/ adv. pred.	ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲧⲉⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ	ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲧⲉⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ ⲁⲛ
Indef. sub. in sent. w/ adv. pred.	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ ⲧⲉⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄-ⲥϩⲓⲙⲉ ϩⲓⲧⲉϩⲓⲏ

- L§320.
- Base: ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲛⲉ⸗.
- Also called Preterite. Often accompanied by a meaningless ⲡⲉ.
- The ⲛ- of discontinuous negation obscured by ⲛⲉ-.

	Rel. Imperf. Conv. of Present I **"... who/which was hearing"**	**Rel. Imperf. Conv. of Neg. Present I** **"... who/which I was not hearing"**
Sg. 1	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
2 m.	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
3 m.	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Pl. 1	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
2	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
3	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Definite subject	ⲉ-ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Indefinite subject	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)

– L§325.

	Circum. Imperf. Conv. of Present I **"as I was hearing ..."**	**Circum. Imperf. Conv. of Neg. Present I** **"as I was not hearing ..."**
Sg. 1	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
2 m.	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
3 m.	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Pl. 1	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
2	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
3	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Definite subject	ⲉ-ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Indefinite subject	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲉ-ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)

Future

	Future I **"I shall hear", "I am going to hear"**	**Neg. Future I** **"I will not hear", "I am not going to hear"**
Sg. 1	ϯ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲛ̄-ϯ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
2 m.	ⲕ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲛ-ⲅ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲧⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲛ̄-ⲧⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
3 m.	ϥ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲛ-ϥ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲥ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲛ-ⲥ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
Pl. 1	ⲧⲛ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲛ̄-ⲧⲛ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
2	ⲧⲉⲧ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲛ̄-ⲧⲉⲧ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
3	ⲥⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲛ̄-ⲥⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
Definite subject	ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
Indefinite subject	ⲟⲩⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙⲛ̄-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Sentence w/ nom. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ
Sentence w/ adv. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ
Indef. sub. in sent. w/ adv. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ

– L§311, cf. L§184.

	Rel. Conv. of Future I **“. . . who/which I will hear”**	**Rel. Conv. of Neg. Future I** **“. . . who/which I will not hear”**
Sg. 1	ⲉ-ϯ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ̄ϯ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
2 m.	ⲉⲧ-ⲕ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲅ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲉⲧ-ⲧⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
3 m.	ⲉⲧ-ϥ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛϥ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲉⲧ-ⲥ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛⲥ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
Pl. 1	ⲉⲧ-ⲧⲛ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ̄ⲧⲛ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
2	ⲉⲧ-ⲧⲉⲧ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ̄ⲧⲉⲧ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
3	ⲉⲧ-ⲥⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲛ̄ⲥⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
Definite subject	ⲉⲧⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
Indefinite subject	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄-ⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄-ⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ
Sentence w/ nom. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ
Sentence w/ adv. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ
Indef. sub. in sent. w/ adv. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ

	Circum. Conv. (≡ Foc. Conv.) of Future I **“I, going to hear . . .”**	**Circum. Conv. of Neg. Future I** **“I, not going to hear . . .”**
Sg. 1	ⲉⲓ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲛϯ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ ⲁⲛ
2 m.	ⲉⲕ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲛⲅ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲉⲣⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲛⲧⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ ⲁⲛ
3 m.	ⲉϥ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲛϥ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ ⲁⲛ
f.	ⲉⲥ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲛⲥ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ ⲁⲛ
Pl. 1	ⲉⲛ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲛⲧⲛ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ ⲁⲛ
2	ⲉⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲛⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ ⲁⲛ
3	ⲉⲩ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲛⲥⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ ⲁⲛ
Definite subject	ⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲙⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ
Indefinite subject	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄-ⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄-ⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Sentence w/ nom. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ
Sentence w/ adv. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ
Indef. sub. in sent. w/ adv. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ

– Same morphology as the Focalising Conversion of Future (also called SECOND FUTURE): “. . . that I am going to hear . . .”.

	Imperf. Conv. of Future I **“I was about to hear”**	**Imperf. Conv. of Neg. Future I** **“I was not about to hear”**
Sg. 1	ⲛⲉⲓ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉⲓ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
2 m.	ⲛⲉⲕ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉⲕ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
3 m.	ⲛⲉϥ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉϥ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲛⲉⲥ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉⲥ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Pl. 1	ⲛⲉⲛ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉⲛ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
2	ⲛⲉⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
3	ⲛⲉⲩ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉⲥⲉ-ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Definite subject	ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Indefinite subject	ⲛⲉ-ⲟⲩⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲟⲩⲛ̄-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲁⲛ (ⲡⲉ)
Sentence w/ nom. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ
Sentence w/ adv. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ
Indef. sub. in sent. w/ adv. pred.	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ	Periphrastic Conjugation w/ ϣⲱⲡⲉ

– Also called IMPERFECTUM FUTURI (L§436.)

– Var. ⲛⲉ-ⲩⲛ-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ in the third person plural.

- L§325ff.
- Each conjugation has a *distinct negative form*.
- May not be used with the stative (qualitative) form of the verb.

Perfect

	Perfect I "I heard"	Neg. Perfect I "I did not hear"
Sg. 1	ⲁ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2 m.	ⲁ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲕ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲁ⸗ⲣ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ⲁ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲁ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Pl. 1	ⲁ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2	ⲁ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ⲁ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲟⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Definite subject	ⲁ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Indefinite subject	ⲁ-ⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄

- L§§334f.
- Affirm. ⲁ-, ⲁ⸗; neg. ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-, ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗.
- 2.f.sg. vars.: affirm. ⲁ⸗ⲣ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ and ⲁ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄; neg. ⲙ̄ⲡⲣ̄-.

	Rel. Conv. of Perfect I ". . . who/which I heard"	Rel. Conv. of Neg. Perfect I ". . . who/which I did not hear"
Sg. 1	ⲉⲛⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2 m.	ⲉⲛⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲕ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲉⲛⲧ-ⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ⲉⲛⲧ-ⲁ⸗ϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲉⲛⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Pl. 1	ⲉⲛⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2	ⲉⲛⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ⲉⲛⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲟⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Definite subject	ⲉⲛⲧ-ⲁ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Indefinite subject	ⲉⲛⲧ-ⲁ-ⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄

- Var. ⲛ̄ⲧ- for ⲉⲛⲧ-.
- Var. 2.f.pl. ⲉⲛⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲣ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ or ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ.

	Circum. Conv. of Perfect I "I, having heard . . ."	Circum. Conv. of Neg. Perfect I "I, not having heard . . ."
Sg. 1	ⲉ-ⲁ⸗ⲧ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2 m.	ⲉ-ⲁ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲕ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲉ-ⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ⲉ-ⲁ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲉ-ⲁ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Pl. 1	ⲉ-ⲁ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2	ⲉ-ⲁ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ⲉ-ⲁ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ⲟⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Definite subject	ⲉ-ⲁ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Indefinite subject	ⲉ-ⲁ-ⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄

- L§334¶4.
- Circum. is frequently used as a Rel. clause after an indefinite antecedent; e.g., ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲉⲁϥⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ ⲉⲣⲟϥ, 'a man whom he heard'. Var. often ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-, ⲙ̄ⲡ⸗ for ⲉ-ⲙⲡⲉ, ⲉ-ⲙⲡ⸗.

	Imperf. Conv. of Perfect I “I had heard”	Imperf. Conv. of Neg. Perfect I “I had not heard”
Sg. 1	ⲛⲉ-ⲁ-ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)
2 m.	ⲛⲉ-ⲁ-ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲛⲉ-ⲁ-ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)
3 m.	ⲛⲉ-ⲁ-ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲛⲉ-ⲁ-ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)
Pl. 1	ⲛⲉ-ⲁ-ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)
2	ⲛⲉ-ⲁ-ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)
3	ⲛⲉ-ⲁ-ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲟⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)
Definite subject	ⲛⲉ-ⲁ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)
Indefinite subject	ⲛⲉ-ⲁ-ⲩⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲡⲉ)

- L§435.
- Also called PLUPERFECT.

	Foc. Conv. of Perfect I “. . . that I heard . . .”	Foc. Conv. of Neg. Perfect I “. . . that I did not hear . . .”	
Sg. 1	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲧ(ⲉ)-ⲙ̄ⲡⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)
2 m.	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲧ(ⲉ)-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)
f.	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲧ(ⲉ)-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)
3 m.	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲧ(ⲉ)-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)
f.	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲧ(ⲉ)-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)
Pl. 1	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲧ(ⲉ)-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)
2	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲧ(ⲉ)-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)
3	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲧ(ⲉ)-ⲙ̄ⲡⲟⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)
Definite subject	ⲛ̄ⲧⲁ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲛ̄ⲧⲁ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲧ(ⲉ)-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)
Indefinite subject	ⲛ̄ⲧⲁ-ⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)	ⲛ̄ⲧⲁ-ⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ	ⲉⲧ(ⲉ)-ⲙ̄ⲡⲉ-ⲟⲩⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗)

- Also called SECOND PERFECT or PERFECT II.
- Var. ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗(ⲣ)-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ in the second person feminine plural.
- The first form of the neg., ⲛ̄ⲧ-ⲁ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗) ⲁⲛ, negates the adverbial phrase and is the most frequent form of the Second Perfect. The second form, ⲉⲧ(ⲉ)-ⲙ̄ⲡⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ (ⲉⲣⲟ⸗), negates the verb or the whole clause.

Possessive

	Possessive “I have”		Neg. Possessive “I do not have”	
	full form	proclitic form	full form	proclitic form
Sg. 1	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲓ̈	ⲟⲩⲛ̄⸗ϯ-	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲓ̈	ⲙⲛ̄ϯ-
2 m.	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲕ	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲕ̄-	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲕ	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲕ̄-
f.	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗∅	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲉ-	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗∅	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲉ-
3 m.	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ϥ	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ϥ̄-	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ϥ	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ϥ̄-
f.	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲥ	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲥ-	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲥ	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲥ̄-
Pl. 1	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲛ	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲛ̄-	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲛ	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲛ̄-
2	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲏ⸗ⲧⲛ̄	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗ⲧⲛ̄-	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲏ⸗ⲧⲛ̄	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗ⲧⲛ̄-
3	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲩ	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ-	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲩ	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ-
Definite subject	ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ	—	ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ	—

- L§§383–392.
- A very common verboid expressing possession.
- Affirm. ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-, ⲟⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗; neg. ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-, ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗.

	Rel. Conv. of Possessive “. . . who I have”		**Rel. Conv. of Neg. Possessive** “. . . who I do not have”	
	full form	proclitic form	full form	proclitic form
Sg. 1	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲓ̈	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄⸗ϯ-	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲓ̈	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ϯ-
2 m.	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲕ	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲕ̄-	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲕ	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲕ̄-
f.	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗∅	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲉ-	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗∅	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲉ-
3 m.	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ϥ	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ϥ̄-	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ϥ	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ϥ̄-
f.	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲥ	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲥ-	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲥ	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲥ̄-
Pl. 1	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲛ	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲛ̄-	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲛ	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲛ̄-
2	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲏ⸗ⲧⲛ̄	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗ⲧⲛ̄-	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲏ⸗ⲧⲛ̄	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗ⲧⲛ̄-
3	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲩ	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ-	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲩ	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ-
Definite subject	ⲉⲧⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ	—	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ	—

	Circum. Conv. of Possessive “I, having . . .”		**Circum. Conv. of Neg. Possessive** “I, not having . . .”	
	full form	proclitic form	full form	proclitic form
Sg. 1	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲓ̈	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄⸗ϯ-	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲓ̈	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ϯ-
2 m.	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲕ	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲕ̄-	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲕ	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲕ̄-
f.	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗∅	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲉ-	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗∅	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲉ-
3 m.	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ϥ	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ϥ̄-	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ϥ	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ϥ̄-
f.	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲥ	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲥ-	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲥ	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲥ̄-
Pl. 1	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲛ	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲛ̄-	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲛ	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲛ̄-
2	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲏ⸗ⲧⲛ̄	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗ⲧⲛ̄-	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲏ⸗ⲧⲛ̄	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗ⲧⲛ̄-
3	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲩ	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ-	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲩ	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ-
Definite subject	ⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ	—	ⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ	—

	Imperf. Conv. of Possessive “I had”		**Imperf. Conv. of Neg. Possessive** “I did not have”	
	full form	proclitic form	full form	proclitic form
Sg. 1	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲓ̈ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄⸗ϯ- (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲓ̈ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ϯ- (ⲡⲉ)
2 m.	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲕ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲕ̄- (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲕ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲕ̄- (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗∅ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲉ- (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗∅ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲉ- (ⲡⲉ)
3 m.	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ϥ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ϥ̄- (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ϥ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ϥ̄- (ⲡⲉ)
f.	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲥ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲥ- (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲥ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲥ̄- (ⲡⲉ)
Pl. 1	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲛ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲛ̄- (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲛ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲛ̄- (ⲡⲉ)
2	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲏ⸗ⲧⲛ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗ⲧⲛ̄- (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲏ⸗ⲧⲛ̄ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ⸗ⲧⲛ̄- (ⲡⲉ)
3	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲩ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ- (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲁ⸗ⲩ (ⲡⲉ)	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ- (ⲡⲉ)
Definite subject	ⲛⲉ-(ⲟ)ⲩⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ (ⲡⲉ)	—	ⲛⲉ-ⲙⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ (ⲡⲉ)	—

Aorist

	Affirmative		*Negative*	
1	ϣⲁⲓ̈-	ϣⲁⲛ-	ⲙⲉⲓ̈-	ⲙⲉⲛ-
2	ϣⲁⲕ-	ϣⲁⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-	ⲙⲉⲕ-	ⲙⲉⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-
	ϣⲁⲣⲉ-		ⲙⲉⲣⲉ-	
3	ϣⲁϥ-	ϣⲁⲩ-	ⲙⲉϥ-	ⲙⲉⲩ-
	ϣⲁⲥ-		ⲙⲉⲥ-	

	Aorist "I (generally) hear"	**Neg. Aorist** "I do not (generally) hear"
Sg. 1	ϣⲁ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙⲉ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2 m.	ϣⲁ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ϣⲁ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙⲉ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ϣⲁ⸗ϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙⲉ⸗ϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ϣⲁ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Pl. 1	ϣⲁ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2	ϣⲁ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ϣⲁ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Definite subject	ϣⲁⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲙⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄

- L§337.
- Also called the Habitual.
- Affirm. ϣⲁⲣⲉ-, ϣⲁ⸗; neg. ⲙⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲙⲉ⸗.

	Rel. Conv. of Aorist "who/which I (generally) hear"	**Rel. Conv. of Neg. Aorist** "who/which I do not (generally) hear"
Sg. 1	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2 m.	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Pl. 1	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Definite subject	ⲉ-/ⲉⲧⲉ-ϣⲁⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉⲧⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄

- Of the two forms of the relative, ⲉⲧⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ is the most common; ⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ is the variant (L§337¶4).

	Circum. Conv. of Aorist "I, (generally) hearing . . ."	**Circum. Conv. of Neg. Aorist** "I, not (generally) hearing . . ."
Sg. 1	ⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2 m.	ⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Pl. 1	ⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2	ⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ⲉ-ϣⲁ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Definite subject	ⲉ-ϣⲁⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲉ-ⲙⲉ⸗ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄

- The negative circumstantial forms are rarely attested (L§337¶4).

Injunctive

	Injunctive "let me hear"	Neg. Injunctive "let me not hear"
Sg. 1	ⲙⲁⲣ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲙ̄ⲡⲣ̄ⲧⲣⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
2 m.	Imperative ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	Imperative ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	Imperative ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	Imperative ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ⲙⲁⲣ⸗ϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲙ̄ⲡⲣ̄ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
f.	ⲙⲁⲣ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲙ̄ⲡⲣ̄ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
Pl. 1	ⲙⲁⲣ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲙ̄ⲡⲣ̄ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
2	Imperative ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	Imperative ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ⲙⲁⲣ⸗ⲟⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲙ̄ⲡⲣ̄ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
Definite subject	ⲙⲁⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ	ⲙ̄ⲡⲣ̄ⲧⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ

- L§§340f.
- Affirm. ⲙⲁⲣⲉ-, ⲙⲁⲣ⸗; neg. ⲙ̄ⲡⲣ̄ⲧⲣⲉ-, ⲙ̄ⲡⲣ̄ⲧⲣⲉ⸗.
- Also called Jussive.

Future III

	Future III "I shall hear", ". . . that I might hear"	Neg. Future III "I shall not hear", ". . . that I might not hear"
Sg. 1	ⲉ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ̄ⲛⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2 m.	ⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲉ⸗ⲣ-ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ⲉ⸗ϥ-ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Pl. 1	ⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2	ⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ-ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ⸗ⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Definite subject	ⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄

- L§338.
- Also called the Optative.
- Affirm. ⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲉ⸗ⲉ-; neg. ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ-, ⲛ̄ⲛⲉ⸗.

Causal Infinitive

	Causal Infinitive ". . . that I hear"	Neg. Causal Infinitive ". . . that I not hear"	
Sg. 1	ⲧⲣⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲙ̄-ⲧⲣⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲣⲁ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2 m.	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲙ̄-ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲧⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲙ̄-ⲧⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲣⲉ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲙ̄-ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ϥ̄-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲙ̄-ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Pl. 1	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲙ̄-ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗(ⲧⲉ)ⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲙ̄-ⲧⲣⲉ⸗(ⲧⲉ)ⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗(ⲧⲉ)ⲧⲛ̄-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲙ̄-ⲧⲣⲉⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲣⲉ⸗ⲩ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Definite subject	ⲧⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲙ̄-ⲧⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲣⲉ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄

- L§359f.
- Also called Inflected Infinitive.
- Affirm. ⲧⲣⲉ-, ⲧⲣⲉ⸗; neg. ⲧⲙ̄-.
- Other translations include ". . . me to hear"; ". . . for me to hear"; ". . . me hear"; or, ". . . cause me to hear"; ". . . make me hear".

Negative Completive

	Negative Completive **“I have not yet heard”**
Sg. 1	ⲙ̅ⲡⲁ⸗ϯ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
2 m.	ⲙ̅ⲡⲁⲧ⸗ⲕ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
f.	ⲙ̅ⲡⲁⲧ⸗ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
3 m.	ⲙ̅ⲡⲁⲧ⸗ϥ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
f.	ⲙ̅ⲡⲁⲧ⸗ⲥ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
Pl. 1	ⲙ̅ⲡⲁⲧ⸗ⲛ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
2	ⲙ̅ⲡⲁⲧ⸗ⲉⲧⲛ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
3	ⲙ̅ⲡⲁⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ
Definite subject	ⲙ̅ⲡⲁⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ

- L§336. Layton calls it the NOT YET clause.
- The Negative Completive may also be converted (L§336¶5).
- [Neg.] ⲙ̅ⲡⲁⲧⲉ-, ⲙ̅ⲡⲁⲧ⸗.

SUBORDINATE CLAUSE CONJUGATIONS

Precursive

	Precursive **“after I heard, . . .”; “when I had heard, . . .”**	**Neg. Precursive** **“after I did not hear, . . .”; “when I had not heard, . . .”**
Sg. 1	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲓ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
2 m.	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
f.	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
3 m.	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ⸗ϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ⸗ϥ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
f.	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ⸗ⲥ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
Pl. 1	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲛ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲛ̅-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
2	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ⸗ⲧⲛ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ⸗ⲧⲛ̅-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
3	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲟⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲟⲩ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
Definite subject	ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	

- L§§344f.
- Affirm. ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ-, ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣ⸗; neg. ⲧⲙ̅-, cf. L§342.
- Var. ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ⸗ⲣ- in 2.f.sg.; var. ⲛ̅ⲧⲉⲣⲉ⸗ⲛ- in 1.pl.
- Also called TEMPORAL.
- The precursive expresses an immediately preceding single event.

Conditional

	Conditional **“if I hear . . .”; “when I hear . . .”**	**Neg. Conditional** **“unless I hear . . .”**	
Sg. 1	ⲉ⸗ⲓ̈-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ⲓ̈-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ⲓ̈-ⲧⲙ̅-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
2 m.	ⲉ⸗ⲕ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ⲕ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ⲕ-ⲧⲙ̅-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
f.	ⲉ⸗ⲣ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ⲣ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ⲣ-ⲧⲙ̅-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
3 m.	ⲉ⸗ϥ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ϥ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ϥ-ⲧⲙ̅-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
f.	ⲉ⸗ϥ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ϥ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ϥ-ⲧⲙ̅-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
Pl. 1	ⲉ⸗ⲛ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ⲛ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ⲛ-ⲧⲙ̅-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
2	ⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̅-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̅-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉ⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̅-ⲧⲙ̅-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
3	ⲉⲩ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉⲩ-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉⲩ-ⲧⲙ̅-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅
Definite subject	ⲉⲣϣⲁⲛ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉⲣϣⲁⲛ-ⲧⲙ̅-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅	ⲉⲣ⸗ⲧⲙ̅-ϣⲁⲛ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̅

- L§§346f.
- Affirm. ⲉⲣϣⲁⲛ- (var. ⲉⲣⲉϣⲁⲛ-), ⲉ⸗ϣⲁⲛ-; short form ⲉⲣⲉ- (var. ⲉⲣ-), ⲉ⸗; neg. with ⲧⲙ̅-.
- Other translations include “if . . .”; “when . . .”; “since . . .”; “if ever . . .”; “whenever . . .”.

Limitative

	Limitative "until I hear"	Neg. Limitative "until I do not hear"
Sg. 1	ϣⲁⲛϯ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ϣⲁⲛϯ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2 m.	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲕ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲕ̄-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲉ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ϥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ϥ̄-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲥ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲥ̄-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Pl. 1	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲛ̄-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗ⲟⲩ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Definite subject	ϣⲁⲛⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ϣⲁⲛⲧⲉ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄

- L§349.
- Base: ϣⲁⲛⲧⲉ-, ϣⲁⲛⲧ⸗; neg. with ⲧⲙ̄-.
- Other translations include "until I hear", "until I heard", "until I have heard", "until I had hear".

Conjunctive

	Conjunctive ". . . and hear"	vars.	Neg. Conjunctive ". . . and not hear"
Sg. 1	ⲛ̄⸗ⲧⲁ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲧⲁ-	ⲛ̄⸗ⲧⲁ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2 m.	ⲛ̄⸗ⲅ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ⸗ⲅ̄-, ⲛ⸗ⲉⲕ-	ⲛ̄⸗ⲅ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲛ̄⸗ⲧⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄		ⲛ̄⸗ⲧⲉ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ⲛ̄⸗ϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ⸗ϥ̄-, ⲛ⸗ⲉϥ-	ⲛ̄⸗ϥ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲛ̄⸗ⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄	ⲛ⸗ⲥ̄-, ⲛ⸗ⲉⲥ-	ⲛ̄⸗ⲥ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Pl. 1	ⲛ̄⸗ⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄		ⲛ̄⸗ⲧⲛ̄-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2	ⲛ̄⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄		ⲛ̄⸗ⲧⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ⲛ̄⸗ⲥⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄		ⲛ̄⸗ⲥⲉ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Definite subject	ⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄		ⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ-ⲧⲙ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄

- L§351ff.
- Base: ⲛ̄ⲧⲉ-, ⲛ̄⸗ (and vars.), neg. with ⲧⲙ̄-.
- Continues the force of a preceding verbal form. Other translations therefore include ". . . to hear", ". . . and I hear", ". . . and I will hear", etc. Following an imperative it may mean ". . . so that . . .".

	Future Conjunctive ". . . and I shall hear"
Sg. 1	ⲧⲁⲣ⸗ⲓ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2 m.	ⲧⲁⲣ⸗ⲉⲕ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲧⲁⲣ⸗ⲉ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3 m.	ⲧⲁⲣ⸗ⲉϥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
f.	ⲧⲁⲣ⸗ⲉⲥ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Pl. 1	ⲧⲁⲣ⸗ⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
2	ⲧⲁⲣ⸗ⲉⲧⲛ̄-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
3	ⲧⲁⲣ⸗ⲟⲩ-ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Definite subject	ⲧⲁⲣⲉ-ⲡⲣⲱⲙⲉ ⲥⲱⲧⲙ̄
Indefinite subject	

- L§357f.
- Base: ⲧⲁⲣⲉ-, ⲧⲁⲣ⸗ (rare var. ⲛ̄ⲧⲁⲣⲉ-, ⲛ̄ⲧⲁⲣ⸗). No negative forms.
- The 1.sg. form is rare. Often the conjunctive ⲛ̄ⲧⲁ- (ⲧⲁ-) or ⲁⲩⲱ ⲧ-ⲛⲁ- occurs in its place.
- Also called Finalis.